



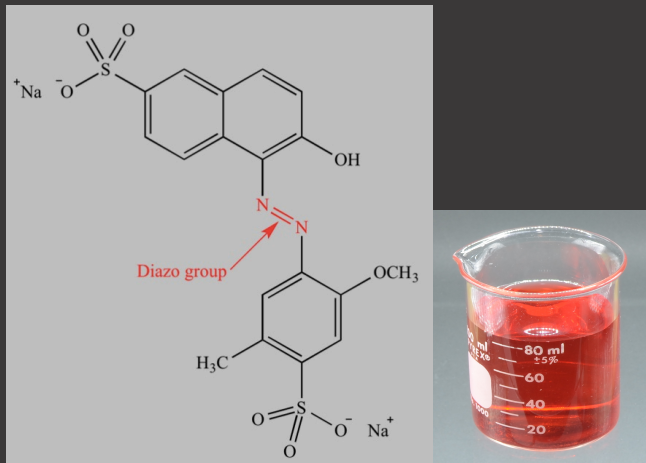
Azo-dye Degradation with Electrochemical Method

**-Supramolecular Metal-organic
Frameworks as catalyst**

Shiqi Xie
Dr. Oldacre

Azo-dye Degradation

FD&C Red 40

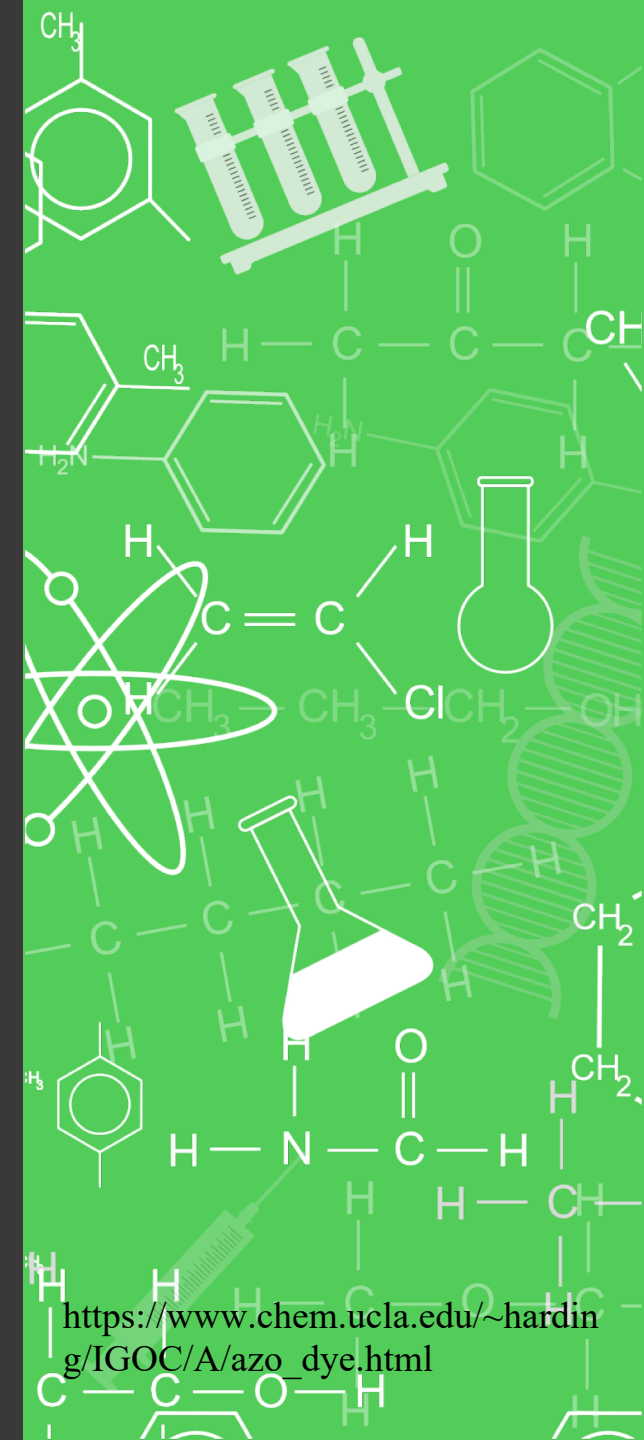


FD&C Yellow 5



Azo-dye Applications:
textile industry
paper production
food technology

Environmental issues:
damage aquatic lives
contaminate soil
effect human health



https://www.chem.ucla.edu/~hardin/g/IGOC/A/azo_dye.html



Degradation methods

Biological Methods:

eg. enzymatic decomposition
-low efficiency

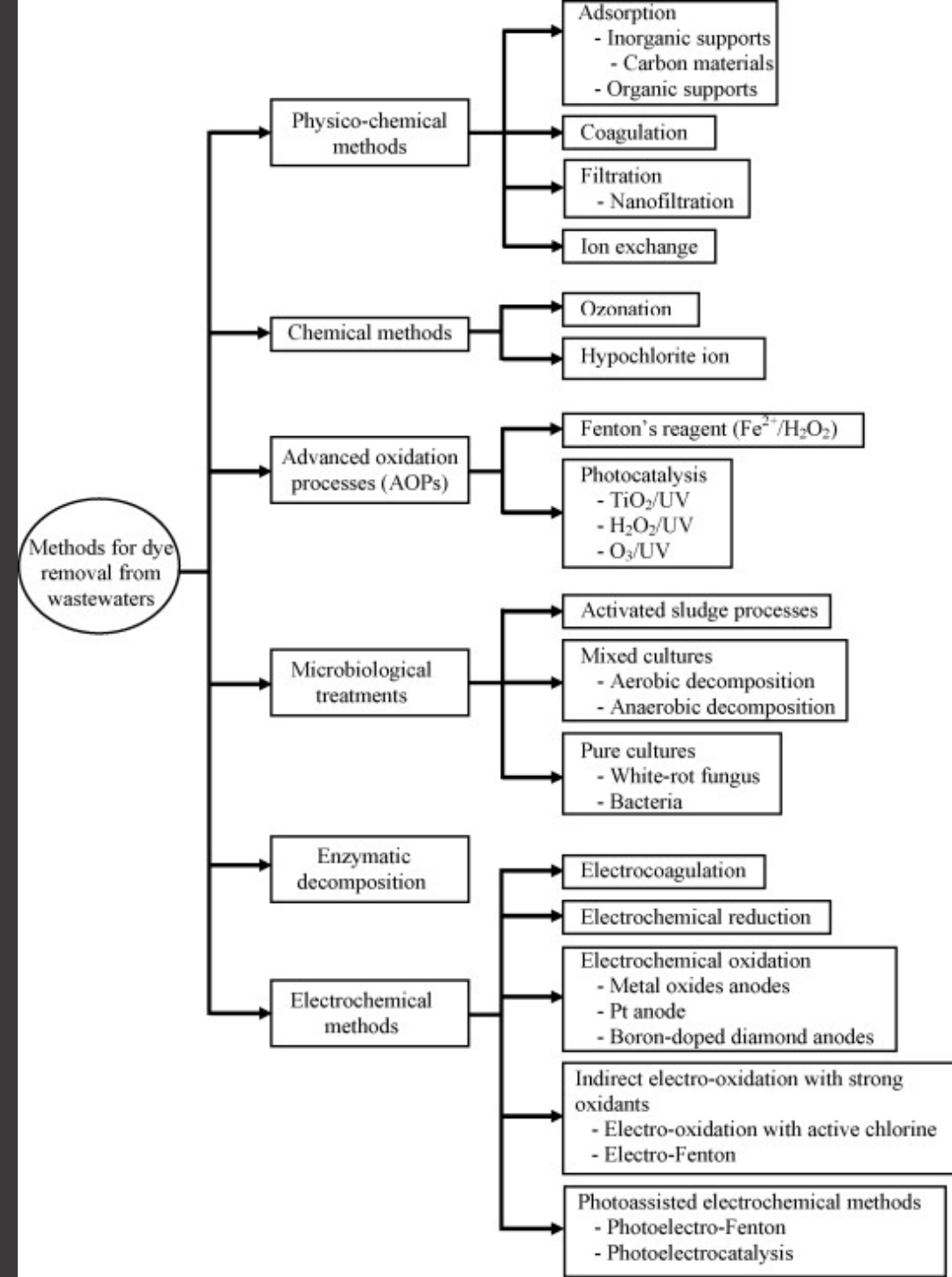
Chemical Methods:

eg. ozonation
-high cost

Physical-chemical Methods:

eg. coagulation
-generation of secondary waste

Sometimes More Hazardous



Electrochemical methods

-Proton-Coupled Electron Transfer Studies



Bulk electrolysis:

- Controlled potential experiment
- Current over time



Linear sweep voltammetry (LSV):

- Potential between working & reference electrode is swept linearly in time



Cyclic voltammetry (CV): **-MAIN FOCUS**

- Potential is swept in a way that the experiment ends where it started



Rotating disk voltammetry:

- The working electrode is rotated at a constant rate
- Current over Potential



Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS):

- Using AC potential instead of DC

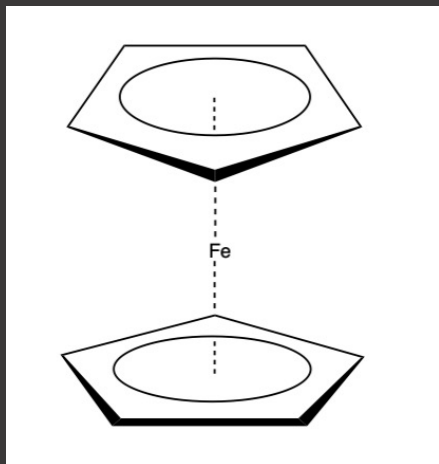


Spectroelectrochemistry:

- Combination Electrochemical method & Spectroscopic technique

Studies of Cyclic Voltammetry - Ferrocene

Ferrocene: The Internal Standard



Special Properties:

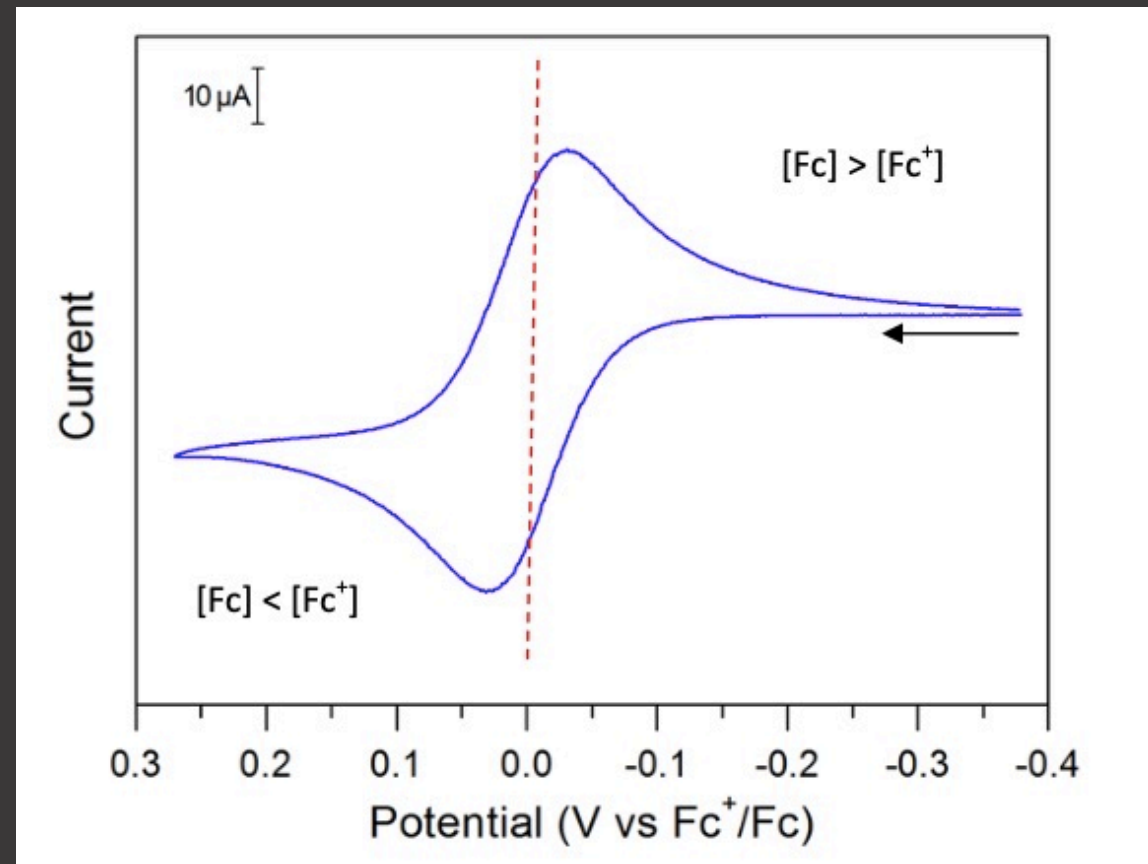
Reversible redox properties

Two rotatory coplanar cyclopentadienyl (Cp) rings.

Work as Scaffold

Work as catalysts (its synthesized ligand)

The Cyclic Voltammogram of Ferrocene



Elgrishi, N.; Rountree, K. J.; McCarthy, B. D.; Rountree, E. S.; Eisenhart, T. T.; Dempsey, J. L. A practical beginner's guide to cyclic voltammetry. *J. Chem. Educ.* **2018**, *95*, 197-206.

Mechanism Studies - PCET Reactions

Two Different mechanisms

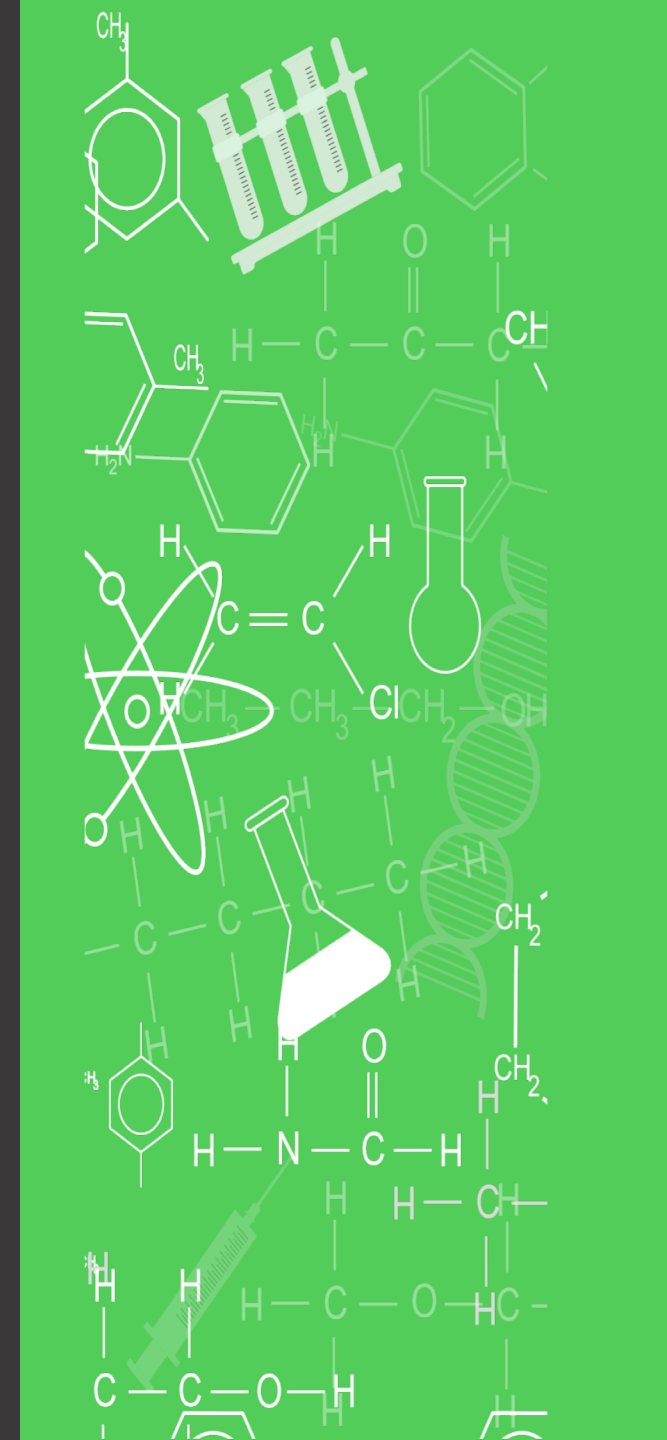
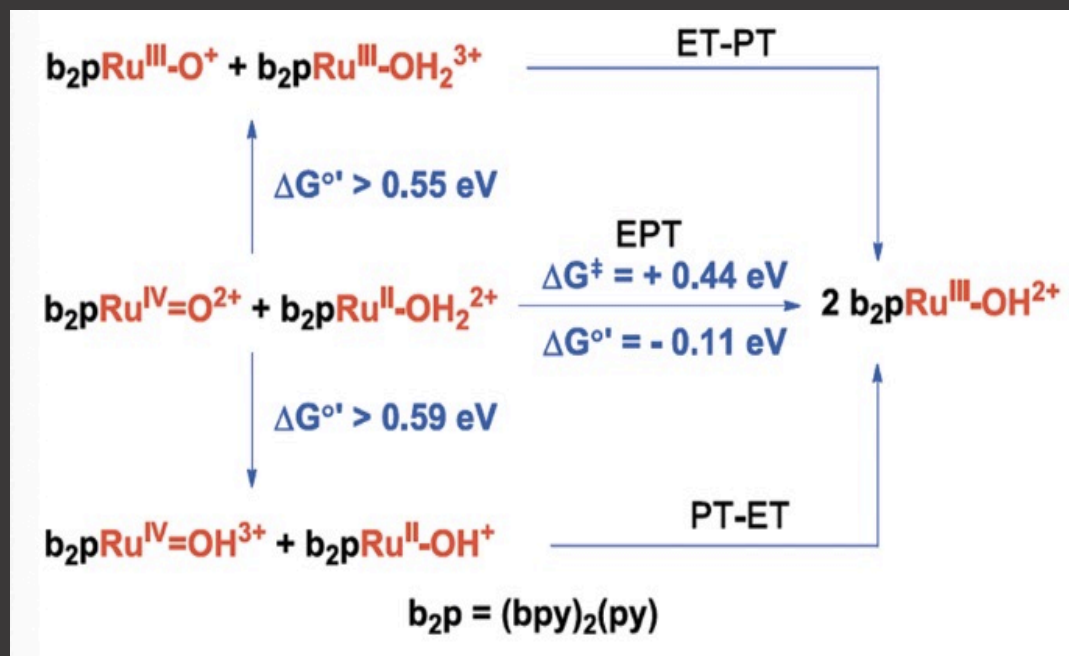
Concerted PCET

Avoid high energy intermediate
More complex

Stepwise PCET

high reaction barriers and low rates

Comparison: Concerted VS. Stepwise



Concerted PCET

-Two mechanisms



Electron-Proton Transfer (EPT)

Transfer of an electron and proton between **different** donors and acceptors

-significant charge redistribution

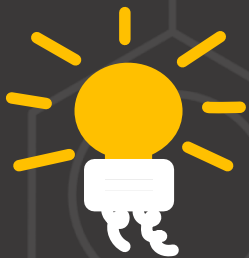


H-atom Transfer (HAT)

Transfer of an electron and proton between the **same** donors and acceptors

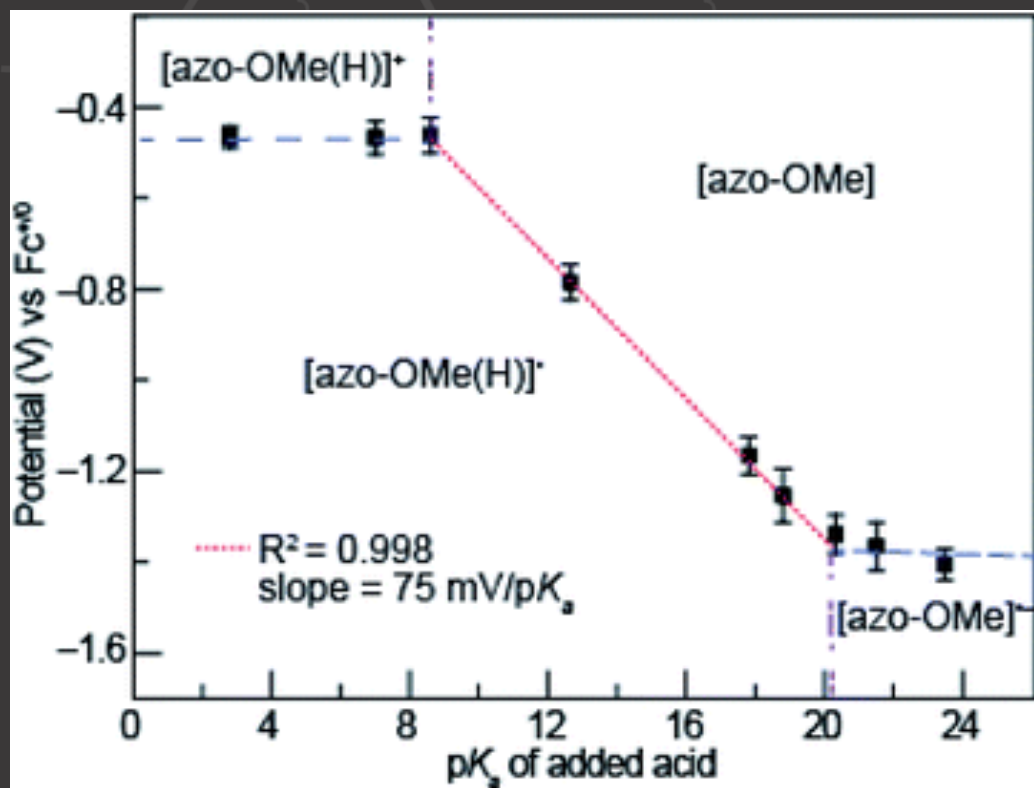
-negligible charge redistribution





Thermodynamic Studies- PCET Reaction

Potential- pK_a Diagram: To understand PCET reactions in non-aqueous solutions



Useful Information Obtained

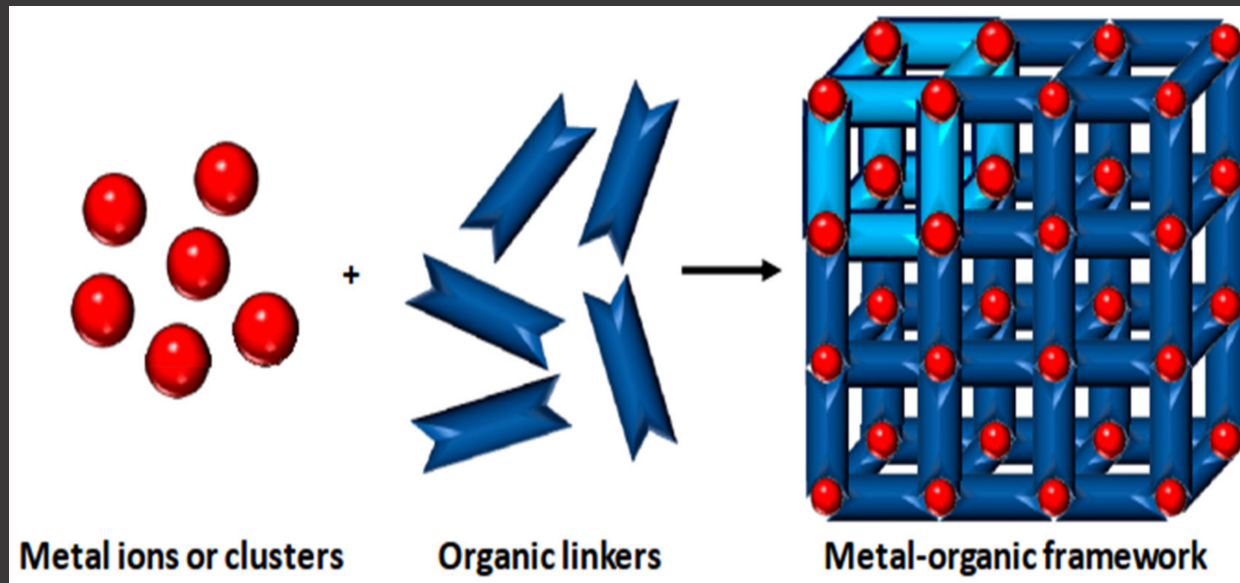
The number of discrete species

pK_a values

Thermodynamically stable species

Stoichiometry in protons and electrons for each PCET event.

Supramolecular Metal-Organic Frameworks - As Electrocatalysts



Common Applications:

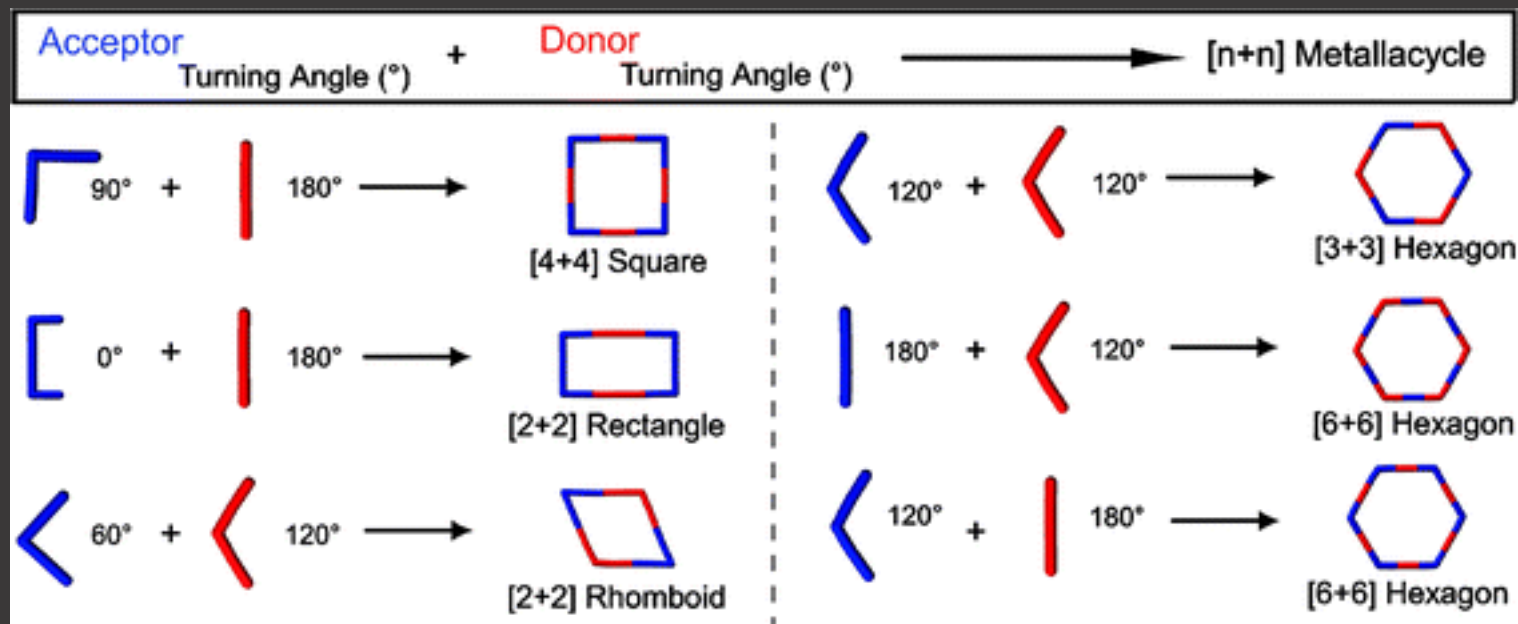
- Molecular separation
- Gas storage
- Drug delivery
- Catalysts

Synthesis Methods:

- Electrochemical synthesis
- Solvothermal methods
- Microwave synthesis

Synthesis of MOFs:

- Coordination-driven Self-assembly Techniques



Northrop, B. H.; Yang, H.; Stang, P. J. Coordination-driven self-assembly of functionalized supramolecular metallacycles. *Chemical communications* **2008**, 5896-5908.



Thank You!